House of Representatives



General Assembly

File No. 730

January Session, 2017

Substitute House Bill No. 5384

House of Representatives, May 9, 2017

The Committee on Finance, Revenue and Bonding reported through REP. ROJAS of the 9th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the House, that the substitute bill ought to pass.

AN ACT RAISING THE LEGAL AGE FOR PURCHASE AND USE OF TOBACCO PRODUCTS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Subsection (a) of section 12-286a of the general statutes is
- 2 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 3 October 1, 2017):
- 4 (a) Each distributor and each dealer, as defined in section 12-285,
- 5 shall place and maintain in legible condition at each point of sale of
- 6 cigarettes to consumers, including the front of each vending machine,
- 7 and each restricted cigarette vending machine a notice which states (1)
- 8 that the sale, giving or delivering of tobacco products, including
- 9 cigarettes, to any person under [eighteen] twenty-one years of age,
- 10 except such persons described in subsection (g) of section 53-344, as
- amended by this act, is prohibited by section 53-344, as amended by
- this act, (2) the purchase or misrepresentation of age by a person under
- 13 [eighteen] twenty-one years of age, except such persons described in

14 <u>subsection (g) of section 53-344, as amended by this act, to purchase</u>

- 15 cigarettes or tobacco products is prohibited by said section 53-344, and
- 16 (3) the penalties and fines for violating said section 53-344 and section
- 17 12-295a.
- 18 Sec. 2. Subsection (a) of section 12-295 of the general statutes is
- 19 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 20 *October* 1, 2017):
- 21 (a) The commissioner may suspend or revoke the license of any
- 22 dealer or distributor for failure to comply with any provision of this
- 23 chapter or regulations related thereto or for the sale or delivery of
- 24 tobacco in any form to a [minor under eighteen] person under twenty-
- 25 one years of age, except such persons described in subsection (g) of
- 26 section 53-344, as amended by this act, following a hearing with
- 27 respect to which notice in writing, specifying the time and place of
- 28 such hearing and requiring such dealer or distributor to show cause
- 29 why such license should not be revoked, is mailed or delivered to such
- dealer or distributor not less than ten days preceding the date of such
- 31 hearing. Such notice may be served personally or by registered or
- 32 certified mail.
- 33 Sec. 3. Section 53-344 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2017*):
- 35 (a) As used in this section:
- 36 (1) "Cardholder" means any person who presents a driver's license
- or an identity card to a seller or seller's agent or employee, to purchase
- or receive tobacco from such seller or seller's agent or employee;
- 39 (2) "Identity card" means an identification card issued in accordance
- 40 with the provisions of section 1-1h;
- 41 (3) "Transaction scan" means the process by which a seller or seller's
- 42 agent or employee checks, by means of a transaction scan device, the
- 43 validity of a driver's license or an identity card; and

(4) "Transaction scan device" means any commercial device or combination of devices used at a point of sale that is capable of deciphering in an electronically readable format the information encoded on the magnetic strip or bar code of a driver's license or an identity card.

- (b) Any person who sells, gives or delivers to any [minor] <u>person</u> under [eighteen] <u>twenty-one</u> years of age tobacco, unless the [minor] <u>person under twenty-one years of age</u> is delivering or accepting delivery in such person's capacity as an employee, in any form shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars for the first offense, not more than three hundred fifty dollars for a second offense within an eighteen-month period and not more than five hundred dollars for each subsequent offense within an eighteen-month period.
- (c) Any person under [eighteen] <u>twenty-one</u> years of age who purchases or misrepresents such person's age to purchase tobacco in any form or possesses tobacco in any form in any public place shall be fined not more than fifty dollars for the first offense and not less than fifty dollars or more than one hundred dollars for each subsequent offense. For purposes of this subsection, "public place" means any area that is used or held out for use by the public whether owned or operated by public or private interests.
- (d) (1) A seller or seller's agent or employee may perform a transaction scan to check the validity of a driver's license or identity card presented by a cardholder as a condition for selling, giving away or otherwise distributing tobacco to the cardholder.
- (2) If the information deciphered by the transaction scan performed under subdivision (1) of this subsection fails to match the information printed on the driver's license or identity card presented by the cardholder, or if the transaction scan indicates that the information so printed is false or fraudulent, neither the seller nor any seller's agent or employee shall sell, give away or otherwise distribute any tobacco to the cardholder.

(3) Subdivision (1) of this subsection does not preclude a seller or seller's agent or employee from using a transaction scan device to check the validity of a document other than a driver's license or an identity card, if the document includes a bar code or magnetic strip that may be scanned by the device, as a condition for selling, giving away or otherwise distributing tobacco to the person presenting the document.

- (e) (1) No seller or seller's agent or employee shall electronically or mechanically record or maintain any information derived from a transaction scan, except the following: (A) The name and date of birth of the person listed on the driver's license or identity card presented by a cardholder; (B) the expiration date and identification number of the driver's license or identity card presented by a cardholder.
- (2) No seller or seller's agent or employee shall use a transaction scan device for a purpose other than the purposes specified in subsection (e) of section 53-344b, <u>as amended by this act</u>, subsection (d) of this section or subsection (c) of section 30-86.
- (3) No seller or seller's agent or employee shall sell or otherwise disseminate the information derived from a transaction scan to any third party, including, but not limited to, selling or otherwise disseminating that information for any marketing, advertising or promotional activities, but a seller or seller's agent or employee may release that information pursuant to a court order.
- (4) Nothing in subsection (d) of this section or this subsection relieves a seller or seller's agent or employee of any responsibility to comply with any other applicable state or federal laws or rules governing the sale, giving away or other distribution of tobacco.
- 103 (5) Any person who violates this subsection shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than one thousand dollars.
 - (f) (1) In any prosecution of a seller or seller's agent or employee for a violation of subsection (b) of this section, it shall be an affirmative

defense that all of the following occurred: (A) A cardholder attempting to purchase or receive tobacco presented a driver's license or an identity card; (B) a transaction scan of the driver's license or identity card that the cardholder presented indicated that the license or card was valid; and (C) the tobacco was sold, given away or otherwise distributed to the cardholder in reasonable reliance upon the identification presented and the completed transaction scan.

- (2) In determining whether a seller or seller's agent or employee has proven the affirmative defense provided by subdivision (1) of this section, the trier of fact in such prosecution shall consider that reasonable reliance upon the identification presented and the completed transaction scan may require a seller or seller's agent or employee to exercise reasonable diligence and that the use of a transaction scan device does not excuse a seller or seller's agent or employee from exercising such reasonable diligence to determine the following: (A) Whether a person to whom the seller or seller's agent or employee sells, gives away or otherwise distributes tobacco is [eighteen] twenty-one years of age or older; and (B) whether the description and picture appearing on the driver's license or identity card presented by a cardholder is that of the cardholder.
- 127 (g) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (b) to (f),
 128 inclusive, of this section, any person who is (1) eighteen years of age or
 129 older prior to October 1, 2017, or (2) a member of the armed forces, as
 130 defined in section 27-103, may purchase and possess tobacco products
 131 in any form.
- Sec. 4. Section 53-344b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2017*):
- 134 (a) As used in this section and sections 21a-415 and 21a-415a:
 - (1) "Electronic nicotine delivery system" means an electronic device that may be used to simulate smoking in the delivery of nicotine or other substance to a person inhaling from the device, and includes, but is not limited to, an electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic

cigarillo, electronic pipe or electronic hookah and any related device and any cartridge, electronic cigarette liquid or other component of such device;

- 142 (2) "Cardholder" means any person who presents a driver's license 143 or an identity card to a seller or seller's agent or employee, to purchase 144 or receive an electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor product from 145 such seller or seller's agent or employee;
- 146 (3) "Identity card" means an identification card issued in accordance 147 with the provisions of section 1-1h;
- 148 (4) "Transaction scan" means the process by which a seller or seller's 149 agent or employee checks, by means of a transaction scan device, the 150 validity of a driver's license or an identity card;
- (5) "Transaction scan device" means any commercial device or combination of devices used at a point of sale that is capable of deciphering in an electronically readable format the information encoded on the magnetic strip or bar code of a driver's license or an identity card;
 - (6) "Sale" or "sell" means an act done intentionally by any person, whether done as principal, proprietor, agent, servant or employee, of transferring, or offering or attempting to transfer, for consideration, an electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor product, including bartering or exchanging, or offering to barter or exchange, an electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor product;
- (7) "Give" or "giving" means an act done intentionally by any person, whether done as principal, proprietor, agent, servant or employee, of transferring, or offering or attempting to transfer, without consideration, an electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor product;
- 167 (8) "Deliver" or "delivering" means an act done intentionally by any 168 person, whether as principal, proprietor, agent, servant or employee, 169 of transferring, or offering or attempting to transfer, physical

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possession or control of an electronic nicotine delivery system or vaporproduct;

- (9) "Vapor product" means any product that employs a heating element, power source, electronic circuit or other electronic, chemical or mechanical means, regardless of shape or size, to produce a vapor that may or may not include nicotine, that is inhaled by the user of such product; and
- (10) "Electronic cigarette liquid" means a liquid that, when used in an electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor product, produces a vapor that may or may not include nicotine and is inhaled by the user of such electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor product.
 - (b) Any person who sells, gives or delivers to any [minor] person under [eighteen] twenty-one years of age an electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor product, unless the [minor] person under twenty-one years of age is delivering or accepting delivery in such person's capacity as an employee, in any form shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars for the first offense, not more than three hundred fifty dollars for a second offense within an eighteen-month period and not more than five hundred dollars for each subsequent offense within an eighteen-month period.
 - (c) Any person under [eighteen] twenty-one years of age who purchases or misrepresents such person's age to purchase an electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor product in any form or possesses an electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor product in any form in any public place shall be fined not more than fifty dollars for the first offense and not less than fifty dollars or more than one hundred dollars for each subsequent offense. For purposes of this subsection "public place" means any area that is used or held out for use by the public whether owned or operated by public or private interests.
 - (d) (1) A seller or seller's agent or employee may perform a transaction scan to check the validity of a driver's license or identity card presented by a cardholder as a condition for selling, giving or

otherwise delivering an electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor product to the cardholder.

- (2) If the information deciphered by the transaction scan performed under subdivision (1) of this subsection fails to match the information printed on the driver's license or identity card presented by the cardholder, or if the transaction scan indicates that the information so printed is false or fraudulent, neither the seller nor any seller's agent or employee shall sell, give or otherwise deliver any electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor product to the cardholder.
- (3) Subdivision (1) of this subsection does not preclude a seller or seller's agent or employee from using a transaction scan device to check the validity of a document other than a driver's license or an identity card, if the document includes a bar code or magnetic strip that may be scanned by the device, as a condition for selling, giving or otherwise delivering an electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor product to the person presenting the document.
- (e) (1) No seller or seller's agent or employee shall electronically or mechanically record or maintain any information derived from a transaction scan, except the following: (A) The name and date of birth of the person listed on the driver's license or identity card presented by a cardholder; and (B) the expiration date and identification number of the driver's license or identity card presented by a cardholder.
- (2) No seller or seller's agent or employee shall use a transaction scan device for a purpose other than the purposes specified in subsection (d) of this section, subsection (d) of section 53-344, as amended by this act, or subsection (c) of section 30-86.
- (3) No seller or seller's agent or employee shall sell or otherwise disseminate the information derived from a transaction scan to any third party, including, but not limited to, selling or otherwise disseminating that information for any marketing, advertising or promotional activities, but a seller or seller's agent or employee may release that information pursuant to a court order.

(4) Nothing in subsection (d) of this section or this subsection relieves a seller or seller's agent or employee of any responsibility to comply with any other applicable state or federal laws or rules governing selling, giving or otherwise delivering electronic nicotine delivery systems or vapor products.

- (5) Any person who violates this subsection shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than one thousand dollars.
- (f) (1) In any prosecution of a seller or seller's agent or employee for a violation of subsection (b) of this section, it shall be an affirmative defense that all of the following occurred: (A) A cardholder attempting to purchase or receive an electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor product presented a driver's license or an identity card; (B) a transaction scan of the driver's license or identity card that the cardholder presented indicated that the license or card was valid; and (C) the electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor product was sold, given or otherwise delivered to the cardholder in reasonable reliance upon the identification presented and the completed transaction scan.
- (2) In determining whether a seller or seller's agent or employee has proven the affirmative defense provided by subdivision (1) of this section, the trier of fact in such prosecution shall consider that reasonable reliance upon the identification presented and the completed transaction scan may require a seller or seller's agent or employee to exercise reasonable diligence and that the use of a transaction scan device does not excuse a seller or seller's agent or employee from exercising such reasonable diligence to determine the following: (A) Whether a person to whom the seller or seller's agent or employee sells, gives or otherwise delivers an electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor product is [eighteen] twenty-one years of age or older; and (B) whether the description and picture appearing on the driver's license or identity card presented by a cardholder is that of the cardholder.
- (g) Each seller of electronic nicotine delivery systems or vapor products or such seller's agent or employee shall require a person who

is purchasing or attempting to purchase an electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor product, whose age is in question, to exhibit proper proof of age. If a person fails to provide such proof of age, such seller or seller's agent or employee shall not sell an electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor product to the person. As used in this subsection, "proper proof" means a motor vehicle operator's license, a valid passport or an identity card issued in accordance with the provisions of section 1-1h.

(h) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (b) to (f), inclusive, of this section, any person who is (1) eighteen years of age or older prior to October 1, 2017, or (2) a member of the armed forces, as defined in section 27-103, may purchase and possess an electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor product.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following						
sections:						
Section 1	October 1, 2017	12-286a(a)				
Sec. 2	October 1, 2017	12-295(a)				
Sec. 3	October 1, 2017	53-344				
Sec. 4	October 1, 2017	53-344b				

FIN Joint Favorable Subst.

The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

OFA Fiscal Note

State Impact:

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 18 \$	FY 19 \$
Department of Revenue Services	GF - Revenue	None	None
	Loss		
Resources of the General Fund	GF - Potential	Less than	Less than
	Revenue Gain	75,000	75,000

Note: GF=General Fund

Municipal Impact: None

Explanation

The bill raises, from 18 to 21, the legal age to purchase or possess tobacco products in the state; it exempts anyone age 18 or older as of October 1, 2017 and members of the U.S. Armed Services. This results in a significant General Fund revenue loss from cigarette and tobacco taxes annually beginning in FY 21, and a potential increase in penalty revenue of less than \$75,000 annually beginning in FY 18.

The bill results in potential increased revenue from fines from the purchase or sale of tobacco products by persons aged 18 to 20. In FY 16, there were 39 offenses for the purchase of tobacco products by a person under 18 with fines totaling \$2,235. There were 308 offenses of sale of tobacco products to a person under 18 with fines totaling \$62,855. Based on current penalties, it is estimated that the bill will results in increased penalties of less than \$75,000.

The Out Years

State Impact:

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 20 \$	FY 21 \$	FY 22 \$
Department of	GF - Revenue Loss	None	Significant	Significant
Revenue Services				
Resources of the	GF - Potential	Less than	Less than	Less than
General Fund	Revenue Gain	75,000	75,000	75,000

Note: GF=General Fund

Municipal Impact: None

Sources: Institute of Medicine of the National Academies: Public Health Implications of

Raising the Minimum Age of Legal Access to Tobacco Products, 3/15

Judicial Department Offenses and Revenue Database

OLR Bill Analysis sHB-5384

AN ACT RAISING THE LEGAL AGE FOR PURCHASE AND USE OF TOBACCO PRODUCTS.

SUMMARY

This bill raises, from 18 to 21, the legal age to purchase or possess in public cigarettes and other tobacco products, electronic nicotine delivery systems (e.g., electronic cigarettes), and vapor products. It exempts from the increased age requirement anyone age 18 or older as of October 1, 2017 or a U.S. Armed Services member (see BACKGROUND).

The bill makes corresponding changes to the laws regarding the sale, delivery, or giving of such products to individuals under the legal age (e.g., updating the age on the required sign that cigarette dealers and distributors must post at the point of sale (§ 1)).

Additionally, the bill extends some of the existing penalties for purchases by minors (i.e., under age 18), or sales to minors, to purchases by or sales to individuals ages 18 to 20. But it does not extend certain penalties that the Department of Revenue Services (DRS) may impose under existing law for tobacco purchases and sales involving minors.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 1, 2017

PENALTIES FOR PURCHASE OR POSSESSION

Under existing law and the bill, a person under the legal age who (1) buys tobacco products, electronic nicotine delivery systems, or vapor products; (2) misrepresents his or her age to do so; or (3) possesses one in public, faces a fine of up to \$50 for a first offense and between \$50 and \$100 for each subsequent offense (§§ 3(c) and 4(c)).

Violators may pay the fine by mail, without making a court appearance (CGS § 51-164n).

Under existing law, the DRS commissioner, after a hearing, may also impose civil penalties on minors who purchase tobacco products (CGS § 12-295a(a)). The bill does not extend these penalties to individuals ages 18 to 20 who purchase tobacco products.

PENALTIES FOR SALES

Under existing law and the bill, anyone who sells, gives, or delivers tobacco products, electronic nicotine delivery systems, or vapor products to someone under the legal age is subject to a maximum fine of:

- 1. \$200 for a first offense,
- 2. \$350 for a second offense committed within 18 months of the first offense, and
- 3. \$500 for each subsequent offense committed within 18 months.

As under existing law, (1) this penalty does not apply to someone who sells, gives, or delivers such a product to, or receives one from, someone under the legal age who receives or delivers it as an employee (§§ 3(b) and 4(b)); and (2) the bill allows the DRS commissioner to suspend or revoke the license of a dealer or distributer who illegally sells or delivers tobacco products to individuals under the legal age (§ 2).

Existing law also allows the DRS commissioner, after a hearing, to impose penalties on cigarette dealers, distributors, or their employees, or owners of businesses with cigarette vending machines, for sales to minors (CGS § 12-295a). The bill does not extend these provisions to sales to individuals ages 18 to 20.

BACKGROUND

Electronic Nicotine Delivery Systems and Vapor Products

By law, an "electronic nicotine delivery system" is an electronic

device used to simulate smoking in delivering nicotine or another substance to a person who inhales from it. Delivery systems include electronic (1) cigarettes; (2) cigars; (3) cigarillos; (4) pipes; and (5) hookahs. They also include related devices, cartridges, liquid, or other components.

A "vapor product" uses a heating element; power source; electronic circuit; or other electronic, chemical, or mechanical means, regardless of shape or size, to produce a vapor the user inhales. The vapor may or may not include nicotine (CGS § 53-344b(a)).

U.S. Armed Forces

The U.S. Armed Forces includes the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, and Air Force and any reserve component of these branches, including the Connecticut National Guard performing duty under Title 32 of federal law (e.g., certain Homeland Security missions).

Legislative History

The House referred the bill (File 112) to the Finance, Revenue and Bonding Committee, which reported a substitute that added the exemption from the increased age requirement for anyone age 18 or older as of October 1, 2017 or an armed services member.

COMMITTEE ACTION

Public Health Committee

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Joint Favorable
Yea 19 Nay 7 (03/06/2017)
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Finance, Revenue and Bonding Committee

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Joint Favorable Substitute
Yea 41 Nay 10 (04/27/2017)
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